

Bankura University, West Bengal B.Com GEN Sem 2 syllabus

Principles of Micro Economics

Unit 1. Introduction

Demand and Supply: Determinants of demand, movements vs. shift in demand

curve,Determinants of Supply, Movement along a supply curve vs. shift in supply curve; - Market equilibrium and price determination. Elasticity of demand and supply. Application of demand and supply.

Unit 2. Consumer Theory

Ordinal Utility theory: (Indifference curve approach): Consumer's preferences;

Interferencecurves; Budget line; Consumer's equilibrium; Income and substitution effect;

Priceconsumption curve and the derivation of demand curve for a commodity; Criticisms of the lawof demand.

Unit 3. Production and Cost Production: Firm as an agent of production. Concepts of Production function. Law of variable proportions; Isoquants; Return to scale. Economics and Diseconomies of scale. Costs: Costs in the short run. Costs in the

long run, Profit maximization and cost

minimization.Equilibrium of the firm, Technological Change: the very long run.

Unit 4. Market Structure Perfect Competition: Assumption; Theory of a firm under perfect competition; Demand and Revenue; Equilibrium of the firm in the short run and long run, the long runindustry supply curve: increasing, decreasing and constant cost industry. Allocation

efficiencyunder perfect competition

Monopoly: Short-run and long-run equilibrium of monopoly firm; Concept of supply curveunder monopoly; Allocation inefficiency and dead-weight loss monopoly;

Pricediscrimination. Imperfect Competition: Difference between perfect competitions, monopoly

and imperfect competition;

(i) Monopolistic Competition: Assumption; Short – run Equilibrium; Long run

Equilibrium; Concepts of excess capacity; Empirical relevance.

(ii) Oligopoly: Causes for the existence of oligopolistic firms in the market rather

thanperfect Competition; Cooperative vs. Non cooperative Behaviour and dilemma

of oligopolistic firms.

Business Statistics

Unit 1. Collection and Presentation of Data: Primary and Secondary data: Methods of data collection-Tabulation of data-Graphs and charts-Frequency Distribution-Diagrammatic presentation of frequency distribution

Unit 2. Measures of Central tendency: Mean, median, mode, geometric mean and harmonic mean; Different properties; partition values; quartiles, deciles, percentiles

Unit 3. Measures of Dispersion: Range, quartile deviation, mean absolute deviation, standard deviation, Measures of relative dispersion, Different properties.

Unit 4. Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis:Raw moments and central moments - their relationship – Different measures of Skewness and Kurtosis

Unit 5. Correlation and Regression:Scatter diagram, Two-way table, Marginal and Conditional distributions, simple correlation coefficient and its properties, simple regression lines and properties, Spearman's rank correlation **Unit 6.** Index numbers:Definition and types of index numbersproblems in the construction of price

index numbers- Methods of construction of price index numbers and quantity index numbers,

Tests of index numbers – Consumer price index and its uses



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