

The University of Burdwan, West Bengal B.Com GEN Sem 1 syllabus

Business Management

Unit 1: Introduction

a) Concept of Management: Need for Study, Managerial Functions – An overview; Coordination: Essence of Managership

b) Evolution of the Management Thought, Classical Approach – Taylor, Fayol, Neo-Classical and Human Relations Approaches, Behavioural Approach, Systems Approach, Contingency Approach, Concepts of MBO.

Unit 2: Planning and Strategic Planning

a) Planning - Types of Plan - An overview to highlight the differences
b) Strategic Planning- Concept, process, Importance and limitations
c) Environmental Analysis and diagnosis (internal and external

environment) – Definition,

Importance and Techniques (Concepts of SWOT/TOWS/WOTS-UP, Competitor Analysis),

Business environment; Concept and Components

d) Decision-making – concept, importance; Committee and Group Decision-making Process.

Concept and process of organising – An overview, Span of management, Different types of

authority (line, staff and functional), Decentralisation, Delegation of authority, Formal and

Informal Structure; Principles of Organising.

Unit 3: Organizing

Concept and process of organizing-An overview, Span of

management, Different types of authority (line, staff and functional), Decentralization, Delegation of authority, Formal and informal structure, Principle of organizing

Unit 4: Staffing and Leading

a) Staffing: Concept, Process
b) Motivation: Concept, Importance, Motivation theories - Maslow's Need-Hierarchy Theory;
Hertzberg's Two-factor Theory.
c) Leadership: Concept, Importance, Theories of Leadership (Likert's scale theory, Blake and Mouten's Managerial Grid theory, Trait Theory).

Unit 5: Control

Control - Concept, Process, Limitations, Principles of Effective Control, Major Techniques ofControl - Ratio Analysis, ROI, Budgetary Control, EVA, PERT/CPM (Concept only)

English

1. Language & Communication – distinctness of human language **2. Language varieties** – Standard & Non-standard Language, Formal & Informal

3. Difference between Declarative and Expressive forms of language – when Statement becomes Expression

4. Register, Collocation and Style

Environmental Studies

Unit 1: Basic of Environmental Studies

Definition, Nature, Scope and Importance; Components of environment: Environmental education

education

Unit 2: Natural Resources: Renewable & Non-renewable Resources

Nature and natural resources their conservation and associated problems:

• Forest resources: Uses, types and importance, Joint Forest Management & Tribal population,

Deforestation and its effects

• Water resources: Distribution of water on Earth; Use, over exploitation of surface and ground

water; Dams: Benefits and problems; Flood and Drought
Mineral resources: Mineral resources in India; Use and exploitation, Social impacts of mining

• Food resources: World food problems and food insecurities.

• Energy resources: Renewable and Non-renewable energy sources; Use of alternate energy

sources - Case studies

• Land resources: Land as a resource; Land degradation, landslides, soil erosion, desertification

• Use of resources for sustainable development

Unit 3: Ecology & Ecosystems

Concept of ecology, Population ecology, Community ecology

- Concept of an ecosystem, different types of ecosystem
- Food chains, food weds and ecological succession
- Energy flow in the ecosystem and energy flow models

Unit 4: Biodiversity & Conservation

- Biodiversity: Levels of biological diversity
- Values of biodiversity
- Hot-Spots of biodiversity, Mega-biodiversity countries
- Threat to biodiversity
- Threatened and endemic species of India
- Conservation of biodiversity (In- situ and Ex-situ)
- Ecosystem services: Ecological, Economical, Social, Ethical, Aesthetical and Informational

values

Unit 5: Environmental Pollution & Management

(a) Nature, Causes, Effects and Control measures of -

(i) Air pollution

(ii) Water pollution

(iii) Soil pollution

(iv) Noise pollution

v) Nuclear hazards

(b) Fireworks Pollution: Definition, Composition/Ingredients, effects, monitoring strategies

• Solid waste management: Causes, effects and disposal methods; Management of biomedical

- and municipal solid wastes
- Disaster management: Floods, Earthquake, Cyclone and Landslides

Unit 6: Environmental Policies & Practices

- \bullet Constitutional Provisions for protecting environment- Articles 48(A), 51 A (g)
- Environmental Laws: The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986; The Air (Prevention and
- Control of Pollution) Act, 1981; The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974;
- Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
- The wildlife Protection Act, 1972
- Climate change, Global warming, ENSO, Acid rain, Ozone layer depletion; Montreal and

Kyoto Protocols

Unit 7: Human Communities & Environment

- Human population growth; Impacts on environment
- Population explosion Family Welfare Programme
- Environment and human health: Concept of health and disease; Common communicable and
- Non- communicable diseases; Public awarene<mark>s</mark>s
- Environment movements in India: Chipko Movements, Silent Valley Movement, Movements

in Karnataka

Unit 8: Field Work Report/Project Report/Term paper (based on any one of the following

topics and to be evaluated by internal teachers only)

- Environmental assets River/Forest/Grassland/Hill/Mountain etc.
- Environmental pollution Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural
- Study of common Plants/Insect /Birds/Wild life etc.
- Study of simple ecosystems: Pond/River/Hill slope etc.
- Municipal solid waste management and handling.

Financial Accounting

Unit 1: Theoretical Framework

The nature of financial accounting principles- Basic concepts and conventions: entity, money

measurement, going concern, cost, realization, accruals, periodicity, consistency, prudence

(conservatism), materiality and full disclosures.

Unit 2

a)Single Entry - Distinction between Single Entry System and Double Entry System; Defects of

Single Entry System: Preparation of Accounts from Incomplete Records

b)Sectional and Self balancing ledger

Concept of sectional balancing, preparation of control accounts. Self balancing Ledger:

advantages; Recording process; preparation of Adjustment accounts. **Unit 3**

a) Consignment Accounting

Consignment: Basic features; difference with sales. Recording in the books of Consignor – at

cost & at invoice price, Valuation of unsold stock; Ordinary commission.Treatment and

valuation of abnormal & normal loss. Special commission; Del credere commission (with and

without bad debt) - use of Consignment Debtors A/C. Recording in the books of Consignee

b) Accounting for sale on approval

Unit 4:Insurance Claim for Loss of Stock

Loss of stock: Physical & ownership concept; concept of underinsurance and average clause;

computation of claim – with price change; consideration of unusual selling line; price reduction

etc.

Unit 5: Partnership Accounts-I

P/L Appropriation account; Capital & Current account; Guarantee – by firm, by partner and

both; correction of appropriation items with retrospective effect. Change in constitution of firm –

change in P/S ratio, admission, retirement and retirement cum admission – treatment of

Goodwill, revaluation of assets & liabilities (with/without alteration of books), treatment of

reserve and adjustment relating to capital; treatment of Joint Life Policy, Death of a partner